

Shaping the Future of Business On Long Island Solar and Wind Energy Wednesday, May 11, 2011 NYS Small Business Development Center

Small Wind Technology Gordian Raacke

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Small v. Utility Scale Turbines





Small Wind Energy Systems

- Typically less than 100 kW capacity
- Rotors diameter 23 inches to 21 feet
- 65 to 120 foot towers
- Suitable for rural farms or residences
- Can operate in areas with Class 2 3 wind resources (9.8 – 14.3 mph)



Small Turbines – Big Myths

Small Wind Turbines

- "Are Noisy"
- "Kill Lots of Birds"
- "Will Fall Over"
- "Are Ugly But Can Be Screened by Trees"
- "Mount on Roofs"
- "Power All of Your Home"



- Aesthetic/Nuisance (view, noise, flicker, vibration?)
- Land Use

 (open space/vistas, preserved farmland, wetlands, waterfront?)
- Frequent Flyers (birds, bats, blades, ice?)
- Safety (failing towers, climbers, electrical ?)





Visual Impact

- Depends on height, topography, and direction
- Consistent with rural/agricultural land use features
- Comparable to utility poles, water towers, cellular phone towers
- Weigh property rights and contribution to electricity supply against aesthetic concerns

Tower Types









Lattice

Guyed

Monopole

Tilt-down tower simplifies maintenance access



Some Turbine Models

Bergey BWC Excel



Endurance Windpower S-250



Wind Turbine Ind. Jacobs



Skystream 3.7



Bergey BWC XL.1



Eoltec Scirocco E 5.6-6



Entegrity EW50



Southwest Whisper 500

See Llpower.org/pdfs/cei/wind/wind-approved.pdf



Wind: Quantity & Quality



Source: National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL)















Images courtesy of Megan Amsler (Cape & Island Self Reliance) and Mick Sagrillo



Rule of Thumb for Tower Height



Noise?











Noise



Modern small wind turbines are typically quieter than most external air conditioners.

Source: In the Public Interest, How and Why to Permit for Small Wind Systems - A Guide for State and Local Governments

Noise



A clasp hitting a flagpole is far more distinguishable than any sound a small wind turbine makes



Source: In the Public Interest, How and Why to Permit for Small Wind Systems - A Guide for State and Local Governments



Sound or Noise?

- Background noise usually masks wind turbine noise
- Noise reading taken
 25 ft from a turbine drops by factor of
 four at 50 ft
 (by factor of 16 at 1000 ft)

Source: AWEA Permitting Small Wind Turbines Handbook



Sound Study – 10 kW Bergey Wind Generator

Location:	Suisun, CA - Ledgewood Creek Vineyard (July 9, 2001)						
Wind Speed:	19 to 24 mph						
Wind System:	Bergey 10 kW Excel-S wind generator - 80' tower						
Distances:	Sound measured downwind at 20', 50', 100', 150' & 200'						
Investigator:	Bernard L. Krause, Ph.D., President, Wild Sanctuary, Inc.						
Results:	Distance	Wind Turbine "on"	Wind Turbine "off"				
	20 ft.	50.1 dBA	45.7 dBA				
	50 ft.	49.3 dBA	45.8 dBA				
	100 ft.	46.9 dBA	48.1 dBA				
	150 ft.	44.2 dBA	44.4 dBA				
	200 ft.	44.1 dBA	44.3 dBA				

Source: AWEA Permitting Small Wind Turbines Handbook



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Wind Acceptance & Issues

- Aesthetic/Nuisance (view, noise, flicker, vibration?)
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Statistically,

 a sliding-glass
 door is a
 greater threat
 to birds than a
 small unlighted
 wind turbine





Wind Turbines & Bird Fatalities

%Composition of Fatalities by Source wind turbines <1 per 10000 fatalities communication towers 250 per 10000 fatalities pesticides fatalities 700 per 10000 vehicles 700 per 10000 fatalities high tension lines 800 per 10000 fatalities other fatalities 1000 per 10000 cats 1000 per 10000 fatalities 5500 per 10000 fatalities buildings/windows 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 % Composition

Source: Erickson Presentation, AWEA 2002



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Falling Towers?









- Remove climbing foot rungs on the lower 12 feet of a freestanding tower
- For lattice or guyed towers, fasten sheets of metal to the lower part of the tower to cover all hand and footholds
- Display "Danger-High Voltage" signs to the sides of the tower

Climbers?





Non-Issues/Red Herrings

- i. Shadow "Flicker"
- ii. Fences/Attractive Nuisance
- iii. Birds
- iv. "Icing"
- v. Electrical Signal Interference
- vi. Lightning Strikes
- vii. Stray Voltage

Source: In the Public Interest, How and Why to Permit for Small Wind Systems - A Guide for State and Local Governments



- Town of Islip
- Town of Riverhead
- Town of Southampton
- Town of Southold
- Town of East Hampton (requiring Town Board vote)



Growth of U.S. Small Wind Market

Fig. 3: GROWTH OF U.S. SMALL WIND MARKET



http://www.awea.org/documents/2010_AWEA_Small_Wind_Turbine_Global_Market_Study.pdf

"The Sunmill"







Thank You

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Additional Slides



AWEA Guide for State and Local Governments

– "In the Public Interest: How and Why to Permit for Small Wind Systems"



www.awea.org/documents/InThePublicInterest.pdf



Best Practices & Resources

Ibany, NY 12203 Road, Suite 274

§ Small Wind Energy Systems

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 AWS Model Zoning Ordinance **Permitted Use Regulation** for Small Wind Turbines



www.powernaturally.org/publications/AWS Small Wind Zoning.pdf

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/cice: 518-437-8857 Fax: 518-437-8659



Permitted Use Regulation for Small Wind Turbines

- A. Notice to property owners within 200 feet
- **B. Tower heights <140 feet** on 1 to 5 acres (no limit > 5 acres)
- C. Setbacks = height of the system
- D. Building permit application & line drawing
- E. 60 decibels (dBA) max. at closest neighboring inhabited dwelling



Other Resources

- U.S. DoE database of 79 local/state wind ordinances
 <u>www.windpoweringamerica.gov/policy/ordinances.asp</u>
- NYSERDA Wind Energy Toolkit
 <u>www.powernaturally.org/programs/wind/Wind%20Energy%20Toolkit.pdf</u>
- NYSERDA Wind Energy Model Ordinance Options
 <u>www.powernaturally.org/programs/wind/toolkit/2_windenergymodel.pdf</u>
- Policies to Promote Small Wind Turbines A Policy Menu for State and Local Governments (AWEA) www.awea.org/documents/Policies to Promote Small Wind Turbines.pdf
- Maine Model Wind Energy Facility Ordinance
 www.maine.gov/spo/landuse/docs/ModelWindEnergyFacilityOrdinance.pdf



Horns Rev Radar Study





FAA Rules

- Federal Aviation Administration does not require lighting on towers less than 200 feet tall
- Approval only needed for structures more than 200 feet tall or within 10,000-20,000 feet of runways



Other Siting Issues

Property Values

 Surrounding property values have **not** been shown to be affected negatively

Electronic Interference

 Small wind turbines do **not** interrupt telecommunications or radio wave transmissions



- **TV Interference?** No issue with fiberglass or wood blades
- **Noise?** < 30 mph, soft "swoosh" sound
- Impact on Birds? Bird kills are rare, use common sense
- FAA Regulations? Contact FAA if within ~3 miles
- Lightning? Avoidable with grounding & surge suppressors
- Ice? Blades with ice usually don't spin! Ice typically accumulates at base of tower.
- **Permits?** Check with your town and installer on local laws.
- Installers? Visit <u>RenewableEnergyLl.org/windworks.cfm</u>

*Some FAQs courtesy of Trudy Forsyth, NREL



2 Model Ordinances

- AWEA Model
- AWS Model (NYSERDA website)
- 4 Long Island Town Ordinances
- Islip (residential & industrial)
- Riverhead (agricultural)
- Southampton (residential)
- Southold (agricultural)



AWEA Guide for State and Local Governments

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www.awea.org/documents/InThePublicInterest.pdf



AWS Scientific

Fuller Road, Suite 274 Ibany, NY 12203

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Comparison of Small Wind Ordinances (Model & LI Towns)	AWEA Model	AWS Model	Islip	Riverhead	Southampton	Southold
<u>Type</u>	_					
Permitted Use Permit	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Special/Conditional	Yes, if not					
Use Permit	standard	No	No	No	No	No
Accessory Use Permit	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Overlay Zone	No	No	No	No	No	No



Comparing Ordinances by ...

	AWEA Model	AWS Model	Islip	Riverhead	Southampton	Southold
Zoning Issues						
Zoning Limitation	No	No (if structures allowed)	Resi/Industrial Use; Ind. District	Ag	>R-40 (0.92 acre) & industrial	Ag
Variance required	No	No	No	No		No
Public Hearing	No	No, except Variance	No	No	No	No
Definition						
Small Wind Generator	<=100k W	kW appropriate for usage	Not defined	<=110% of demand	<=peak load	<=25kW
<u>Fees</u>						
Building Permit		-	\$15 resi/ \$500 industrial	\$250		\$250

comparing Ordinances by Standards

<u>Standards</u>	AWEA Model	AWS Model	Islip	Riverhead	Southampton	Southold
Setbacks	1x Total Height	1x Total Height, 10 ft for guy wires	1x Total Height Rear/Side (prohib.	+ 10 ft, 10 ft	1x Total Height, 10 ft for guy wires. Prohibited in Req. Yard.	Total Height + 10 ft but min. 100 ft. 300 ft from resi prop. Line. 10 ft for guy wires
Tower Height max.	FAA limits	140 ft; no limit >5 acres	ft industrial district)			120 ft
Lot Size Restrictions	No	>=1 acre		>= 7 acres	>=0.92 acres	>= 7 acres
Sound	<=Nuisance dBA	<=60 dBA @ nearest dwelling	<=55 dBA (60 industrial)	<=60 dBA		<=60 dBA
Equipment Approval	State or SWC	No	Yes, NYS & industry cert.			SWC or NYSERDA
Engineered Drawings	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wet Stamped	No	No	Yes(?)	No	Yes(?)	No
Soil Studies on standard soil	Only >20kW	No	No	No	No	No
FAA compliance	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
NEC compliance drawing	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes (local code)	No	Yes
Utility Notification required	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Neighbor Notification required	No	Yes if <200 ft	No	No	No	No
Insurance (>Homeowners policy)	No	No	No	No	No	No
Abandonment Condition	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Large Sign Prohibition	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
Illumination (except FAA)	No	No	No	No	No	No
Unauthorized Climbing Prevention	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes 46



Thank You

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